

**SEMESTER S2**  
**BASIC ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING**  
**(Common to Group C & D)**

<b>Course Code</b>	<b>BEE 204</b>	<b>CIE Marks</b>	40
<b>Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: R)</b>	4:0:0:0	<b>ESE Marks</b>	60
<b>Credits</b>	4	<b>Exam Hours</b>	2 Hrs. 30 Min.
<b>Prerequisites (if any)</b>	None	<b>Course Type</b>	Theory

**Course Objectives:**

1. Apply fundamental concepts and circuit laws to solve simple DC/AC electric circuits
2. Develop an awareness on the fundamentals of electric power generation, transmission and distribution
3. Compare different types of DC and AC motors
4. Describe the fundamental concepts of electronic components and devices
5. Outline the basic principles of an electronic instrumentation system
6. Identify important applications of modern electronics in the contemporary world

**SYLLABUS**

<b>Module No.</b>	<b>Syllabus Description</b>	<b>Contact Hours</b>
<b>1</b>	<p><b>Generation of alternating voltages:</b> - Faradays laws of Electromagnetic induction, Generation of Alternating Voltage, Elementary Generator, Representation of ac voltage and currents, sinusoidal waveforms: frequency, period average, RMS values and form factor of waveform; (Simple numerical problems)</p> <p><b>DC Circuits:</b> Resistance in Series and Parallel, Ohms Law and Kirchhoff's laws, Voltage and current divider rule (Simple numerical problems)</p>	<b>11</b>

	<p><b>AC circuits:</b> Purely resistive, inductive and capacitive circuits; Inductive and capacitive reactance, concept of impedance. (Simple numerical problems)</p> <p><b>Three phase AC systems:</b> Representation of three phase voltages; star and delta connections (balanced only), relation between line and phase voltages, line and phase currents</p> <p><b>Power in AC circuits</b> – Power factor; active, reactive and apparent power in single phase and three phase system. (Simple numerical problems)</p>	
2	<p><b>Generation of electrical energy:</b> Conventional Sources: Hydro, thermal, nuclear plants (Block diagram description)</p> <p><b>Introduction to non-conventional energy sources:</b> solar, wind, small hydro plants, PV system for domestic application.</p> <p><b>Transformers. Principle of operation, step-up and step-down transformers</b></p> <p><b>AC power supply scheme:</b> Single phase and three phase system, Three phase 3 wire and 4 wire systems,</p> <p>Transmission System, Distribution system: Feeder, distributor, service mains <b>Types of Motors</b> – Principle of Operation: Block diagram showing power stages, losses and efficiency (electrical and mechanical and overall efficiency); Simple numerical efficiency</p> <p><b>Introduction to different types of DC and AC motors.</b> Classification and different type of dc and ac motors, common applications: Principle of traction and applications</p> <p><b>Earthing:</b> need for earthing, Types of earthing; pipe earthing, plate earthing; <b>Principle of operation of MCB, ELCB/RCCB</b></p>	11
3	<p><b>Introduction to Semiconductor devices:</b></p> <p>Electronic components- Passive and active components - Resistors, Capacitors and Inductors (constructional features not required): types, specifications. Standard values, colour coding.</p> <p>PN Junction diode: - Principle of operation, V-I characteristics.</p> <p>Bipolar Junction Transistors: PNP and NPN structures, Principle of operation</p>	11

	<p>Digital Electronics: -Binary number system, Boolean algebra and Logic Gates, Universal gates.</p> <p>Basic electronic circuits: - Rectifiers and power supplies: Block diagram description of a dc power supply, working of a full wave bridge rectifier, capacitor filter (no analysis), working of simple zener voltage regulator.</p> <p>Amplifiers: - Transistor as an amplifier, Block diagram of Public Address system</p>	
4	<p><b>Electronic Instrumentation:</b></p> <p>Quality of measurements -accuracy, precision, sensitivity and resolution, Working principle and applications of Sensors – pressure – strain gauge, Bourden gauge, temperature – RTD, thermocouple, proximity – capacitive sensor, ultrasonic sensor and accelerometer.</p> <p>Internet of things (IoT): Introduction, architecture of IoT, Implementation of smart city – street lighting, smart parking.</p>	11

**Course Assessment Method**  
(CIE: 40 marks, ESE: 60 marks)

**Continuous Internal Evaluation Marks (CIE):**

Attendance	Assignment/ Microproject	Internal Examination-1 (Written)	Internal Examination- 2 (Written)	Total
5	15	10	10	40

## End Semester Examination Marks (ESE)

In Part A, all questions need to be answered and in Part B, each student can choose any one full question out of two questions

Part A	Part B	Total
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 2 Questions from each module.</li><li>• Total of 8 Questions, each carrying 3 marks</li></ul> <p><b>(8x3 =24marks)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Each question carries 9 marks.</li><li>• Two questions will be given from each module, out of which 1 question should be answered.</li><li>• Each question can have a maximum of 3 subdivisions.</li></ul> <p><b>(4x9 = 36 marks)</b></p>	<b>60</b>

## Course Outcomes (COs)

At the end of the course students should be able to:

	Course Outcome	Bloom's Knowledge Level (KL)
CO1	Apply fundamental concepts and circuit laws to solve simple DC/AC electric circuits	K2
CO2	Develop an awareness on the fundamentals of electric power generation, transmission and distribution	K3
CO3	Compare different types of DC and AC motors	K2
CO4	Describe the fundamental concepts of electronic components and devices	K2
CO5	Outline the basic principles of an electronic instrumentation system	K2
CO6	Identify important applications of modern electronics in the contemporary world	K2

Note: K1- Remember, K2- Understand, K3- Apply, K4- Analyse, K5- Evaluate, K6- Create

**CO-PO Mapping Table:**

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11
CO1	3	2									2
CO2	3		2			2	1				2
CO3	3					1					2
CO4	3	1									2
CO5	3		1								2
CO6	3					2	1				2

<b>Text Books</b>				
<b>Sl. No</b>	<b>Title of the Book</b>	<b>Name of the Author/s</b>	<b>Name of the Publisher</b>	<b>Edition and Year</b>
1	Basic Electrical Engineering	D P Kothari and I J Nagrath	Tata McGraw Hill	4/e 2019
2	Schaum's Outline of Basic Electrical Engineering	J.J.Cathey and Syed A Nasar	Tata McGraw Hill	
3	Basic Electronics: Principles and Applications	Chinmoy Saha, Arindham Halder and Debarati Ganguly	Cambridge University Press	1/e 2018
4	Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering	D. P. Kothari and I. J. Nagrath	McGraw Hill	2/e 2020
5	The Internet of Things: How Smart TVs, Smart Cars, Smart Homes, and Smart Cities Are Changing the World	Michael Miller	QUE	1/e 2015
6	Basic Electronics and Linear Circuits	N N Bhargava D C Kulshreshtha and S. C. Gupta	McGraw Hill	2/e 2017
7	Electronic Communication Systems	Kennedy and Davis	McGraw Hill	6/e 2017

<b>Reference Books</b>				
<b>Sl. No</b>	<b>Title of the Book</b>	<b>Name of the Author/s</b>	<b>Name of the Publisher</b>	<b>Edition and Year</b>
1	Basic Electrical Engineering	D C Kulshreshtha	Tata McGraw Hill	2/e 2019
2	Electrical Engineering Fundamentals	Del Toro V	Pearson Education	2/e 2019
3	Basic Electrical Engineering	T. K. Nagsarkar, M. S.Sukhija	Oxford Higher Education	3/e 2017
4	Electronics: A Systems Approach	Neil Storey	Pearson	6e 2017
5	Electronic Devices and Circuit Theory	Robert L. Boylestad Louis Nashelsky	Pearson	11e 2015
6	Principles of Electronic Communication Systems	Frenzel, L. E	McGraw Hill	4e 2016
7	Internet of Things: Architecture and Design Principles	Raj Kamal	McGraw Hill	1/e 2017
8	Electronic Communication	Dennis Roddy and John Coolen	McGraw Hill	4/e 2008
9	Basic Electrical Engineering	D C Kulshreshtha	Tata McGraw Hill	2/e 2019